31.—Production, Imports, Exports and Apparent Consumption of Portland Cement, by Quantities and Values, calendar years 1910-34.

Year.	Production.2		Imports.		Exports.3		Apparent Consumption.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	brl.1	\$	brl.1	\$	brl.1	\$	brl.1	\$
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	7,132,732 8,658,805 7,172,480	6,412,215 7,644,537 9,106,556 11,019,418 9,187,924 6,977,024	669,532 1,434,413 254,093 98,022	468,395 840,986 1,969,529 409,303 147,158 40,426		12,914 4,067 2,436 1,736 2,223 5,161	5,103,285 6,354,831 8,567,145 8,912,898 7,270,502 5,709,222	6,867,696 8,481,456 11,073,649 11,426,985 9,332,859 7,012,289
1916 1917 1918 1919	4,768,488 3,591,481 4,995,257	7,724,246 7,076,503 9,802,433	8,580 5,913 14,066	31,621 19,646 19,851 51,314 112,466	177,506	2,424 16,857 13,752 465,954 2,193,626	3,597,394 4,831,817	6,576,925 7,727,035 7,082,602 9,387,793 12,716,910
1921	6,943,972 7,543,589 7,498,624	15,438,481 15,064,661 13,398,411	30,914 17,697 27,672	69,320	425,137 493,751 153,520	650,658 699,738 824,811 213,845 1,498,495	6,549,749 7,067,535 7,372,776	13,620,155 14,821,780 14,315,144 13,253,886 12,611,276
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	10,065,865 11,023,928 12,284,081	14,391,937 16,739,163 19,337,235	19,354 34,047 55,980	87,541 146,164 189,169		358,231 308,144 340,624 252,955 212,071	9,835,525 10,790,650	12,732,918 14,171,334 16,544,703 19,273,449 18,070,844
1931 1932 1933 1934 ⁴	4,498,721 3,007,432	6,930,721 4,536,935	21,351 19,119	37,768	52,531	124,267 38,921 47,369 55,181	4,466,739 2,974,020	15,845,467 6,949,892 4,527,334 5,658,313

¹The barrel of cement=350 lb. or 3½ cwt. ²"Production" as used here means quantity and value of sales. ²Quantities of exports were insignificant prior to 1919. ⁴ Preliminary figures.

Stone, Sand and Gravel.—While the Mineral Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics presents details of the production and industrial organization of the stone industry separately from that of sand and gravel, for the sake of brevity they are here discussed together. Production of these materials increased greatly up The expansion in the stone industry was chiefly to the recent world depression. in crushed stone. Thus a production of crushed stone in 1922 of 3,044,399 tons had increased in 1930 to 8,062,330 tons, while in the same period the production of sand and gravel increased from 11,666,374 tons to 28,547,511 tons. depression the output contracted sharply as shown by the figures in Table 32. Estimates for 1934 indicate some recovery to 3,661,800 tons for total stone and 13,521,257 tons for sand and gravel. Among the developments in Canada which have resulted in the increased production of these materials prior to the depression may be mentioned: (1) the tendency for brick to be replaced by reinforced concrete, cement blocks, etc., as indicated on p. 420 by a decline in brick production and an increase in that of cement; (2) the vast improvement during the past decade in the mileage and character of roads and highways in Canada; and (3) the improvement of railway road-beds.

The provincial distribution of the 1932 and 1933 production of stone, sand and gravel is shown in Tables 5 and 5A, while the chief purposes for which these materials were produced are shown in Table 32.